Articles [a, an, the]

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About the book

This book is for everyone who knows to read, write and understand English language. It will guide you to understand the articles of English language. Articles uses and examples are provided to understand this term better.

*Repeat each page at least 3 to 5 times for better results.

Also read my other books "Grammar Hint" & "Every day Reading Book for everyone" to improve your spoken and writing skills.

Thank you for choosing this book!

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Let's start the topic Articles.

In English language there are main 3 articles.

What do you understand by Articles in English language? Articles are words that define <u>nouns</u>. In simple words, nouns are words that name things, people, animals & places.

Articles are (a) 1 letter, (an) 2 letters, (the) 3 letters, which are used before a noun. And it's very important to add or include these articles in our sentences or phrases to identify things or define nouns. Articles are mostly used with nouns.

In English there are three types of articles as mentioned earlier:

<mark>a,</mark> an and the

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Articles are divided into 2 categories:

- 1) Indefinite Articles (non particular/ non specific thing)
- 2) Definite Article (particular/specific thing)

We use Indefinite Articles:

before nouns

before countable noun(which can be countable)

before singular number of thing.

.

Basic method to use these articles:

A and An are called Indefinite articles.

A and An are used and placed before countable noun in the singular number.

<u>Vise the indefinite article</u> "a or an" <u>with countable nouns</u>

<u>singular.</u> A and An are used and placed before countable noun singular number and not for uncountable noun; we cannot say a juice or an rice because juice and rice are not countable. Articles are, in fact,

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adjectives, A and An are called Indefinite articles. To refer to a non-specific thing or person. It is the first time we mention it, or

It is not important which specific thing or person we are talking about.

a book

a pen

an apple

an umbrella

Words like:

Countable nouns are those nouns which can be countable.

e.g. apple, mango, box, basket, pen, pencil......

Singular in number: Singular means one in number or one thing:

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e.g. 1 apple, 1 mango, 1 box, 1 basket, 1 pen, 1 pencil etc.

or you can write;

an apple, a mango, a box, a basket, a pen, a pencil.

Now will see, why it's mentioned above $\underline{an\ apple}$ and why not $\underline{a\ apple}$?

Even though apple it's countable singular in number but when you say apple, you sound not by letter name Apple you sound like aahple so aah is the sound of letter A.

Vowels: In English language, there are main 5 vowels:

A, E, I, O, U

There is no word without vowel in English language.

Use "an" before words that begin with a vowel.

Use "an" before words that begin consonant that sounds like a vowel.

A, letter A makes "aah" sound.

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An Apple

E, letter E makes "a" sound

An Elephant

I, letter I makes "e" sound

An Igloo

O, letter O makes "ou" sound

An Orange

U, letter U makes "uh" sound

An Umbrella

Vowels: a, e, i, o, u

Use of 'an'

- An engine
- An umbrella,
- An alarm clock,

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• An hour,

We use "an" before a vowel sound

An apple

An orange

An umbrella

An owl

An Ink pen

An eagle

An eye

An hour

An honest person

It is the vowel sound of the letter is important, not the letter name. So before the vowel sound of the letter we need to place "an".

For e.g.: An hour

"hour" begins with a consonant letter, but it is a vowel sound.

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Consonants: An alphabet has 26 letters, out of which 5 are vowels and 21 are consonants.

When to use "a"?

We use "a" before words beginning with a consonant sound.

- 1) Use "a", we use "a" before words beginning with consonants sound.
- Use "a" before words that begin with vowel letter but it sounds like a consonant.
- 3) Consonants are 21.

If the sound of a word begins with a, e, i, o, u, then use "an". Otherwise use "a"

"a" before a consonant sound

"an" before a vowel sound

*It is the consonant sound which is important not the letter when placing "a" or "an" article.

Examples are:

a book, a chair, a marker, a pencil, a crayon, a board, a bat, a one rupee, a uniform, a girl, a map, a

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uniform, a one rupee, a comb, a car, a dog, a camel, horse, a house, a hotel, a dog, a boat, a cat, a toothbrush, a ball, a pan

Remember:

The use of 'a' or 'an' depends on the beginning sound of the letter sound of the word, not on the actual letter with which it begins.

Some examples are:

Letter 'h' is consonant but it has vowel sound so we place "an" before hour.

An hour

Now here letter 'h' has consonant sound.

A hat

Next....

The word "University"

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University begins with a vowel letter, but it is a consonant sound.

A university and not an university

When to use "an"

We use "an" before words beginning with a vowel sound.

We use "an" with singular countable nouns.

We use "an" before words beginning with a vowel sound.

We do not use "an" with plural or uncountable nouns.

Examples are:

an apple, an umbrella, an honest, an egg, an eraser, an apple, an orange, an ink pot, an uncle etc.

Not to use "a" or "an" for the following:

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We do not use "a" or "an" before a plural countable noun.

We do not use "a" or "an" before an uncountable noun.

We do not say milk or honesty because milk and honesty are not countable.

You can watch my YouTube videos for vowels and consonant sounds

Let's make some examples:



a cat

This is a cat.

That is a cat.

There is a cat.

It is a cat.

<u>a dog</u>

This is a dog.

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That is a dog.

There is a dog.

It is a dog.

a slice of bread

This is a slice of bread.

That is a slice of bread.

There is a slice of bread.

It is a slice of bread.

a letter

This is a letter.

That is a letter.

There is a letter.

It is a letter.

a story book

This is a story book.

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That is a story book.

There is a story book.

It is a story book.

a train

This is a train.

That is a train.

There is a train.

It is a train.

a monkey

This is a monkey.

That is a monkey.

There is a monkey.

It is a monkey.

a cricket match

This is a cricket match.

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That is a cricket match.

There is a cricket match.

It is a cricket match.

a one rupee note

This is a one rupee note.

That is a one rupee note.

There is a one rupee note.

It is a one rupee note.

a fifty-paisa coin

This is a fifty-paisa coin.

That is a fifty-paisa coin.

There is a fifty-paisa coin.

It is a fifty-paisa coin.

an empty glass

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This is an empty glass.

That is an empty glass.

There is an empty glass.

It is an empty glass.

a cloth

This is a cloth.

That is a cloth.

There is a cloth.

It is a cloth.

a giraffe

This is a giraffe.

That is a giraffe.

There is a giraffe.

It is a giraffe.

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a university

This is a university.

That is a university.

There is a university.

It is a university.

a banana

This is a banana.

That is a banana.

There is a banana.

It is a banana.

a tree

This is a tree.

That is a tree.

There is a tree.

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It is a tree.

a bangle

This is a bangle.

That is a bangle.

There is a bangle.

It is bangle.

a crab

This is a crab.

That is a crab.

There is a crab.

It is a crab.

a flag

This is a flag.

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That is a flag.

There is a flag.

It is a flag.

a uniform

This is a uniform.

That is a uniform.

There is a uniform.

It is a uniform.

an urn

This is an urn.

That is an urn.

There is an urn.

It is an urn.

a unicorn

This is a unicorn.

That is a unicorn.

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There is a unicorn.

It is a unicorn.

an apron

This is an apron.

That is an apron.

There is an apron.

It is an apron.

a chocolate

This is a chocolate.

That is a chocolate.

There is a chocolate.

It is a chocolate.

an omelet

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This is an omelet.

That is an omelet.

There is an omelet.

It is an omelet.

<u>a taxi</u>

This is a taxi.

That is a taxi.

There is a taxi.

It is a taxi.

a book

This is a book.

That is a book.

There is a book.

It is a book.

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<u>a pen</u>

This is a pen.

That is a pen.

There is a pen.

It is a pen.

a chair

This is a chair.

That is a chair.

There is a chair.

It is a chair.

a marker

This is a marker.

That is a marker.

There is a marker.

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It is a marker.

a pencil

This is a pencil.

That is a pencil.

There is a pencil.

It is a pencil.

a duster

This is a duster.

That is a duster.

There is a duster.

It is a duster.

a crayon

This is a crayon.

That is a crayon.

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There is a crayon.

It is a crayon.

a white board

This is a white board.

That is a white board.

There is a white board.

It is a white board.

a bag

This is a bag.

That is a bag.

There is a bag.

It is a bag.

a mat

This is a mat.

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That is a mat.

There is a mat.

It is a mat.

a uniform

This is a uniform.

That is a uniform.

There is a uniform.

It is a uniform.

a cockroach

This is a cockroach.

That is a cockroach.

There is a cockroach.

It is a cockroach.

a laptop

This is a laptop.

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That is a laptop.

There is a laptop.

It is a laptop.

a mobile

This is a mobile.

That is a mobile.

There is a mobile.

It is a mobile.

a pencil

This is a pencil.

That is a pencil.

There is a pencil.

It is a pencil.

an eraser

This is an eraser.

That is an eraser.

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There is an eraser.

It is an eraser.

a rubber

This is a rubber.

That is a rubber.

There is a rubber.

It is a rubber.

a map

This is a map.

That is a map.

There is a map.

It is a map.

a fan

This is a fan.

That is a fan.

There is a fan.

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It is a fan.

a bat

This is a bat.

That is a bat.

There is a bat.

It is a bat.

a ball

This is a ball.

That is a ball.

There is a ball.

It is a ball.

a goat

This is a goat.

That is a goat.

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There is a goat.

It is a goat.

a hut

This is a hut.

That is a hut.

There is a hut.

It is a hut.

a horse

This is a horse.

That is a horse.

There is a horse.

It is a horse.

a house

This is a house.

That is a house.

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There is a house.

It is a house.

a bat

This is a bat.

That is a bat.

There is a bat.

It is a bat.

<u>a fish</u>

This is a fish.

That is a fish.

There is a fish.

It is a fish.

<u>a jug</u>

This is a jug.

That is a jug.

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There is a jug.

It is a jug.

a kangaroo

This is a kangaroo.

That is a kangaroo.

There is a kangaroo.

It is a kangaroo.

a lock

This is a lock.

That is a lock.

There is a lock.

It is a lock.

a key

This is a key.

That is a key.

There is a key.

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It is a key.

a mat

This is a mat.

That is a mat.

There is a mat.

It is a mat.

a net

This is a net.

That is a net.

There is a net.

It is a net.

a pot

This is a pot.

That is a pot.

There is a pot.

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It is a pot.

a queen

This is a queen.

That is a queen.

There is a queen.

It is a queen.

a ring

This is a ring.

That is a ring.

There is a ring.

It is a ring.

<u>a shop</u>

This is a shop.

That is a shop.

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There is a shop.

It is a shop.

a table

This is a table.

That is a table.

There is a table.

It is a table.

<u>a van</u>

This is a van.

That is a van.

There is a van.

It is a van.

a watch

This is a watch.

That is a watch.

There is a watch.

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It is a watch.

a xylophone

This is a xylophone.

That is a xylophone.

There is a xylophone.

It is a xylophone.

a zebra

This is a zebra.

That is a zebra.

There is a zebra.

It is a zebra.

a tube light

This is a tube light.

That is a tube light.

There is a tube light.

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It is a tube light.

<u>a tin</u>

This is a tin.

That is a tin.

There is a tin.

It is a tin.

<u>a pen</u>

This is a pen.

That is a pen.

There is a pen.

It is a pen.

a plate

This is a plate.

That is a plate.

There is a plate.

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It is a plate.

a box

This is a box.

That is a box.

There is a box.

It is a box.

a girl

This is a girl.

That is a girl.

There is a girl.

a shopkeeper

This is a shopkeeper,

That is a shopkeeper.

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There is a shopkeeper.

a noble master

This is a noble master.

That is a noble master,

There is a noble master.

a European artist

This is a European artist.

That is a European artist.

There is a European artist.

a man

This is a man.

That is a man.

There is a man.

a girl

This is a girl.

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That is a girl.

There is a girl.

Use of 'an' examples

an orange

This is an orange.

That is an orange.

There is an orange.

It is an orange.

an egg

This is an egg.

That is an egg.

There is an egg.

It is an egg.

an envelope

This is an envelope

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That is an envelope. There is an envelope.

It is an envelope.

an essay

This is an essay.

That is an essay.

There is an essay.

It is an essay.

an application

This is an application.

That is an application.

There is an application.

It is an application.

an eraser

This is an eraser.

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That is an eraser.

There is an eraser.

It is an eraser.

an octopus

This is an octopus.

That is an octopus.

There is an octopus.

It is an octopus.

an elephant

This is an elephant.

That is an elephant.

There is an elephant.

It is an elephant.

an inkpot

This is an inkpot.

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That is an inkpot.

There is an inkpot.

It is an inkpot.

an ant

This is an ant.

That is an ant.

There is an ant.

It is an ant.

an igloo

This is an igloo.

That is an igloo.

There is an igloo.

It is an igloo.

an insect

This is an insect.

That is an insect.

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There is an insect.

It is an insect.

an apple

This is an apple.

That is an apple.

There is an apple.

It is an apple.

an egg

This is an egg.

That is an egg.

There is an egg.

It is an egg.

an umbrella

This is an umbrella.

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That is an umbrella.

There is an umbrella.

It is an umbrella.

an astronaut

There is an astronaut.

He is an astronaut.

She is an astronaut.

You are an astronaut.

an Indian engineer

There is an Indian engineer.

He is an Indian engineer.

She is an Indian engineer.

You are an Indian engineer.

an honest person

There is an honest person.

He is an honest person.

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She is an honest person.

You are an honest person.

Uncountable nouns are which cannot be countable:

smoke

rain

rice

sugar

water

precious

coffee

juice

love

news

Let's learn about definite article "the"

Use the definite article "the" with particular nouns.

The word "the" is one of the most common words in English its called definite article.

The is called definite article.

Articles are actually Adjectives because it describes noun.

Before you start, let's learn the meaning of each term mention above

Uses of "The"

 We use the word 'the' before nouns to show that we are referring to that particular person, place or thing.

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In simple words, we use "the" when we mean particular person or things.

For example:

Take a pen. (any pen)

Take the pen near your desk. (particular or specific pen)

 We use "the" before a noun; when we talk about someone or something particular or the things we already mentioned before. Use "the" for things we already mentioned before:

For example:

- The stranger wanted to meet my father.
 (stranger already met before my father)
- I will reach the airport at 10 am. (You know the airport which is talking about.)
- Please give me the worksheet. (You know about the worksheet which is talking about.)

- She kept the candy. (You know about that candy which is talking about.)
- I have asked the kids to wipe their tables.
 (You know about the tables which are talking about.)
- I bought a sari day before yesterday. The sari is made of silk thread. (You know about that sari which is talking about.)

More examples are:

- The cupboard was full of toys.
- The door of the drawing room is opened.
- Mumbai is the big city.
- She is the most beautiful girl in the world.
- I am standing near the table.
- The national flag of India.
- Take the book near your desk.
- The boy is my cousin.
- The box was full of chocolates.

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- The door of the drawing room is opened.
- The water we use for drinking.
- The moon looks beautiful.
- Mumbai is the best city.
- She is the most beautiful girl.
- I am standing at the door.
- The national flag of India.
- The man is waiting at the door.
- I go to the airport.
- The Ganges is a big river.
- The weather is very hot today.
- We will see 13 more uses of "the" article with the following:

Please Note:

- the names of rivers,
- the name of seas,
- the oceans,
- the mountain ranges,
- the superlatives,
- the names of well known/ famous buildings,
- the name of holy books,

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- the names of newspapers.
- the names of trains.
- the names of aero planes.
- the names of some countries.
- the before things that are only one of their kind.

1) "the" names of rivers,

- the Kaveri
- the Ganges
- the Nile
- the Amazon river
- the Brahmaputra river
- the Rhine river

2) "the" names of seas

- the Red sea
- the Yellow sea
- the Arabian sea
- the Mediterranean sea
- the Baltic sea

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- 3) "the" names of Oceans
- the Indian Ocean
- the Pacific Ocean
- the Atlantic Ocean
- the Arctic Ocean
 - 4) "the" names of Mountain ranges

The Andes

The Alps

The Himalaya Range

The Aravalli Range

The Western Ghats

The Eastern Ghats

The Karakoram

- 5) "the" names of some superlatives:
- the best
- the most
- the worst
- the prettiest
- the brightest
- the largest

- 6) "the" names of famous buildings:
- the Red Fort.
- the Eiffel Tower
- the Taj Mahal
- the Gateway of India
- the Victory Tower
 - 7) "the" names of some holy books:the Bible,
 the Quran,
 the Bhagwad Gita
 the Ramayana
 the Vedas
 the Upanishads
- 8) "the" names of newspapers:
 The Hindu

The Economic Times

The Times of India

The Indian Express

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- 9) "the" names of trains
 The Rajdhani Express
 The Shatabdi Express
 The Sampark Kranti Express
- 10) "the" names of aero planes/ air planeThe Jet AirwaysThe Air India ExpressThe Wright Brothers
 - 11) "the" names of some countries

The Netherlands
The Bahamas
The Maldives
The Gambia
The United States
The United Arab Emirates
The United Kingdom

12) the before things that are only one of their kind.

The sun

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The moon

The earth

The sky

The solar system

The planets

I hope now you know, what are articles and its uses?

*Don't forget to give your review on Amazon's site about the book, this will encourage the author to write more and make a difference to people who are like you!

Thank You for learning!